DMT035QWNXNT0-1A PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Version 1.0 Jul 18, 2023





Customer's Approval						
<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>					

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Revision History

VERSION	DATE	DESCRIPTION	AUTHOR
1.0	Jul 18, 2023	Initial Release	Yvette Hsieh

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TFT LCD Module

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1. General Description

1.1 Introduction

This is a 3.5" size colour active matrix TFT LCD module that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching device. The display is normally black mode, transmissive, and featuring high contrast and excellent colour saturation. The resolution of the TFT-LCD is 320×480 and can display up to 262K colours. The display module supports 8-/9-/16-/18-bit MCU interface, 3-/4- SPI + 16-/18-bit RGB and 3-line/4-line Serial interface.

1.2 Main Features

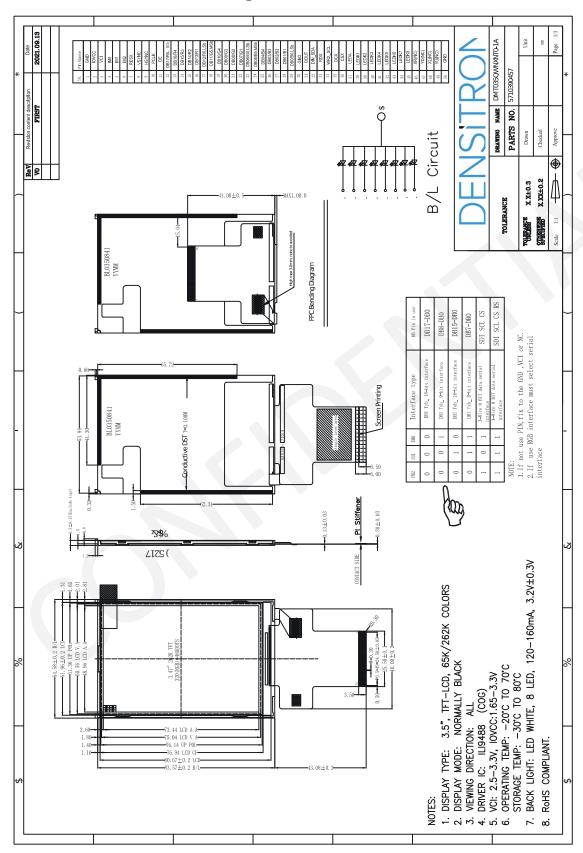
Item	Contents					
Display Type	TFT LCD					
Screen Size	3.5" Diagonal					
Display Format	320 x RGB x 480 Dots					
No. of Colour	65K/262K					
Overall Dimensions	54.58 (W) x 83.57 (H) x 2.30 (D) mm					
Active Area	48.96 (W) x 73.44 (H) mm					
Mode	Normally Black / Transmissive					
Surface Treatment	Anito-Glare					
Viewing Direction	All round					
	8-/9-/16-/18-bit MCU,					
Interface	3-/4- SPI + 16-/18-bit RGB,					
	3-line/4-line Serial					
Driver IC	IL19488					
Backlight Type	LED, White, 8 chips					
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ +70°C					
Storage Temperature	-30°C ~ +80°C					
ROHS	Compliant to RoHS 2.0					

2. Mechanical Specification

2.1 Mechanical Characteristics

Item	Characteristic	Unit		
Display Format	320 x RGB x 480	Dots		
Overall Dimensions	54.58 (W) x 83.57 (H) x 2.30 (D)	mm		
Active Area	48.96 (W) x 73.44 (H)	mm		
Dot Pitch	0.153 (W) x 0.153 (H)	mm		
Weight	20	g		
IC Controller/Driver	ILI9488			

2.2 Mechanical Drawing



3. Electrical Specification

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta = 25°C, VSS = 0V)

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Digital Supply Voltage	VCI	-0.3	6.0	V	-
Digital Interface Supply Voltage	IOVCC	-0.3	3.3	V	-
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	-20	+70	°C	2, 3
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-30	+80	°C	2, 3

Note 1: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. For normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 3.2 "Electrical Characteristics", to avoid malfunctioning.

Note 2: Background colour changes slightly depending on ambient temperature. This phenomenon is reversible.

Note 3: Please refer to item of RELIABILITY.

3.2 Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Digital Supply Voltage	VCI	2.5	2.8	3.3	V	-
Digital Interface Supply Voltage	IOVCC	1.65	1.8	3.3	V	-
Normal Mode Current Consumption	IDD	-	8	16	mA	-
	VIH	0.7 IOVCC	-	IOVCC		
Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}	GND	-	0.3 IOVCC	V	-
Loyal Output Valtage	Vон	0.8 IOVCC	-	IOVCC	V	
Level Output Voltage	Vol	GND	-	0.2 IOVCC	v	-

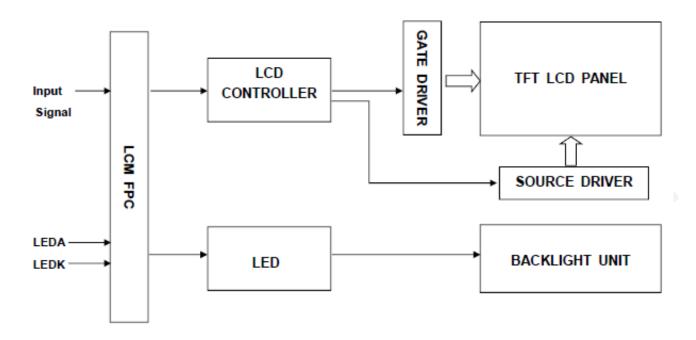
3.3 Interface Pin Assignment

3.3.1 TFT Pin Define

No.	Symbol	I/O	Function								
1	GND	Р	Ground.								
2	IOVCC	Р	Supply vo	Supply voltage for IO (1.65~3.3 V)							
3	VCI	Р	Supply vo	Supply voltage (3.3 V)							
4	IM0	ı	IM2								
			0	0	0	DBI Tyb_ 18-bit interface	DB17-DB0				
				0 0 1 DBI Tyb_9-bit interface DB8-DB0							
5	IM1	I	0	1	0	DBI Tyb_16-bit interface	DB15-DB0				
			0	1	1	DBI Tyb_8-bit interface	DB7-DB0				
6	IM2	I	1	0	1	3-wire 9-bit data serial interface	SDA SCL CS				
0	IIVIZ	ľ	1	1	1	4-wire 8-bit data serial interface	SDA SCL CS RS				
7	RESX	l	This signa	al will res	et the dev	ice and must be applied to properly ini	tialize the chip.				
8	VSYNC	I	_	nchronizi	ng signal	for RGB interface operation. Fix this pin	<u> </u>				
9	HSYNC	I	Line synchronizing signal for RGB interface operation. Fix this pin at IOVCC or GND when it's not in use.								
10	PCLK	I	Dot clock		r RGB inte	erface operation. Fix this pin at IOVCC o	r GND when it's				
11	DE	I	Data Ena	_	for RGB i	nterface operation. Fix this pin at IOVC	C or GND when				
12-29	DB17- DB0	1/0	-			data bus for MCU system and RGB inte	erface mode. Fix				
30	GND	Р	Ground								
31	DOUT	0	Serial dat	a output	pin in ser	ial bus system interface. If it's not in us	e, please open				
32	DIN_SDA	I/O	Serial input signal. The data is applied on the rising edge of the SCL signal. If it's not in use, please fix this pin at IOVCC or GND.								
33	RDX	I	This pin serves as a READ signal and MCU READ DATA at the rising edge. Fix this pin at IOVCC or GND when it's not in use.								
	WR (SPI-		DBI Type	at IOVCC or GND when it's not in use. DBI Type B: WRX pin, serving as WRITE signal.							

No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
35	DCX (RS)	I	Display data / command selection pin
36	CSX	ı	Chip select input pin ("Low" Enable).
30	CSX	ı	Fix this pin at IOVCC or GND when it's not in use.
37	LEDA	Р	Anode pin of backlight
38	LEDK1	Р	Cathode pin of backlight
39	LEDK2	Р	Cathode pin of backlight
40	LEDK3	Р	Cathode pin of backlight
41	LEDK4	Р	Cathode pin of backlight
42	LEDK5	Р	Cathode pin of backlight
43	LEDK6	Р	Cathode pin of backlight
44	LEDK7	Р	Cathode pin of backlight
45	LEDK8	Р	Cathode pin of backlight
46	XR (NC)	A/D	Touch panel Right Glass Terminal
47	YD (NC)	A/D	Touch panel Bottom Film Terminal
48	XL (NC)	A/D	Touch panel Left Glass Terminal
49	YU (NC)	A/D	Touch panel Top Film Terminal
50	GND	Р	Ground.

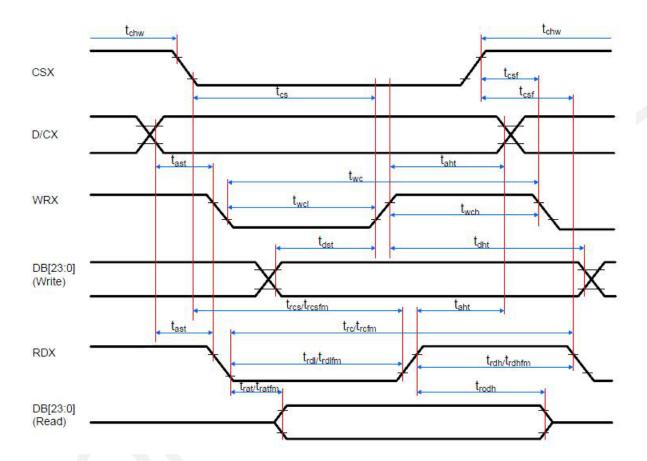
3.4 Block Diagram



3.5 Timing Characteristics

3.5.1 Display Parallel 8-/16-bit Interface Timing Characteristics

(8080 system)

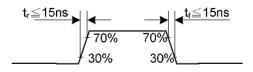


Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
DCX	tast	Address setup time	0	-	ns	-
that		Address hold time (Write/Read)	0	-	ns	-
	tchw	CSX "H" pulse width	0	-	ns	-
	tcs	Chip Select setup time (Write)	15	-	ns	-
CSX	trcs	Chip Select setup time (Read ID)	45	-	ns	-
	trcsfm	Chip Select setup time (Read FM)	355	-	ns	•
	tcsf	Chip Select wait time (Write/Read)	0	-	ns	-
	twc	Write cycle	40	-	ns	-
WRX	twrh	Write Control pulse H duration	15	-	ns	-
	twrl	Write Control pulse L duration	15	-	ns	-
	trcfm	Read Cycle (FM)	450	-	ns	
RDX (FM)	trdhfm	Read Control H duration (FM)	90	-	ns	When read from Frame Memory
	trdlfm	Read Control L duration (FM)	355	-	ns	
	trc	Read Cycle (ID)	160	-	ns	
RDX (ID)	trdh	Read Control pulse H duration	90	-	ns	When read ID data
	trdl	Read Control pulse L duration	45	-	ns	
DB [23:0]	tdst	Write data setup time	10	-	ns	
DB [17:0]	tdht	Write data hold time	10	-	ns	
DB [15:0]	trat	Read access time	-	40	ns	For maximum, CL=30pF. For minimum, CL=8pF.
DB [8:0]	tratfm	Read access time	-	340	ns	i oi iiiiiiiiiiiiiii, cL-opf.
DB [7:0]	trod	Read output disable time	20	80	ns	

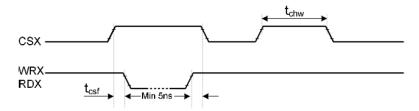
Note 1: Ta = -30 to 70° C, IOVCC = 1.65V to 3.3V, VCI = 2.5V to 3.3V, AGND = DGND = 0V.

Note 2: Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of IOVCC for input signals.

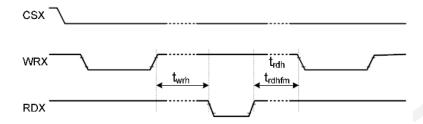
Note 3: Rising time and falling time of the input signal:



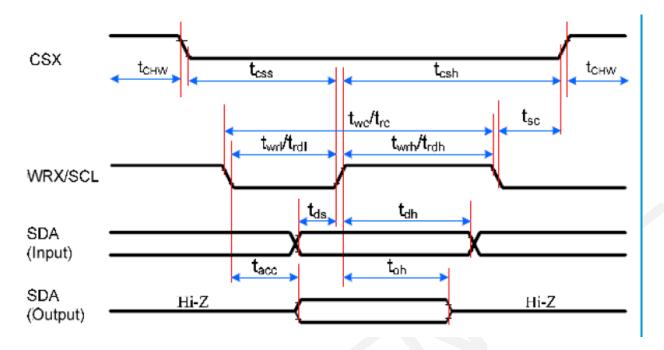
Note 4: The CSX timing:



Note 5: The Write to Read or the Read to Write timing:

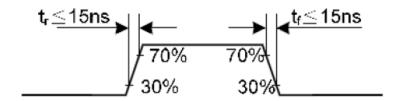


3.5.2 Display Serial Interface Timing Characteristics (3-line SPI system)

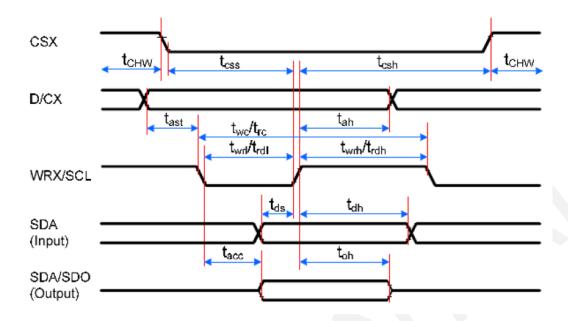


Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
	tsc	SCL-CSX	15	-	ns	-
CSX	tchw	CSX H Pulse Width	40	-	ns	-
CSX	tcss	Chip select time (Write)	60	-	ns	-
	Tcsh	Chip select hold time (Read)	65	-	ns	-
	twc	Serial clock cycle (Write)	66	-	ns	-
	twrh	SCL H pulse width (Write)	15	-	ns	-
501	twrl	SCL L pulse width (Write)	15	-	ns	-
SCL	trc	Serial clock cycle (Read)	150	-	ns	-
	trdh	SCL H pulse width (Read)	60	-	ns	-
	trdl	SCL L pulse width (Read)	60	-	ns	-
SDA	tds	Data setup time (Write)	10	-	ns	-
(Input)	tdh	Data hold time (Write)	10	-	ns	-
SDA/SDO	tacc	Access time (Read)	10	50	ns	For maximum, CL=30pF.
(Output)	toh	Output disable time (Read)	15	50	ns	For minimum, CL=8Pf.

Note 1: Ta = -30 to 70°C, IOVCC = 1.65V to 3.6V, VCI = 2.5V to 3.6V, AGND = DGND = 0V, T = 10+/-0.5ns



3.5.3 Display Serial Interface Timing Characteristics (4-line SPI system)

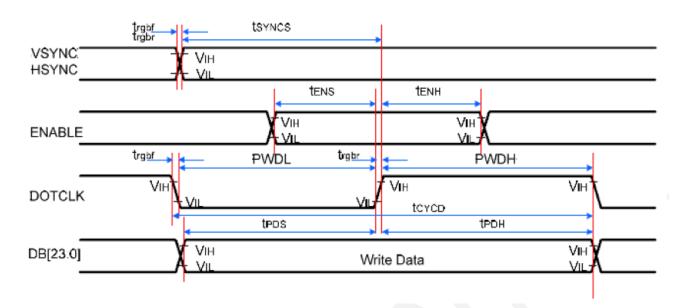


Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
	tcss	Chip select time (Write)	15	-	ns	-
CSX	tcsh	Chip select hold time (Read)	15	-	ns	-
	tchw	CS H Pulse Width	40	-	ns	-
	twc	Serial clock cycle (Write)	50	-	ns	-
	twrh	SCL H pulse width (Write)	10	-	ns	-
SCL	twrl	SCL L pulse width (Write)	10	-	ns	-
JCL	trc	Serial clock cycle (Read)	150	-	ns	-
	trdh	SCL H pulse width (Read)	60	-	ns	-
	trdl	SCL L pulse width (Read)	60	-	ns	-
D/CX	tas	D/CX setup time	10	-	ns	-
Б/СХ	tah	D/CX hold time (Write/Read)	10	-	ns	-
SDA	tds	Data setup time (Write)	10	-	ns	-
(Input)	tdh	Data hold time (Write)	10	-	ns	-
SDA/SDO	tacc	Access time (Read)	10	50	ns	For maximum, CL=30pF
(Output)	tod	Output disable time (Read)	15	50	ns	For minimum, CL=8pF

Note 1: Ta = -30 to 70°C, IOVCC = 1.65V to 3.3V, VCI = 2.5V to 3.3V, AGND = DGND = 0V, T = 10+/-0.5ns

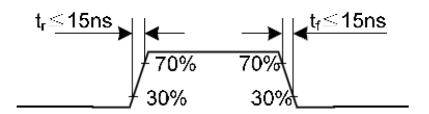
Note 2: Signal rising and falling timings are not included.

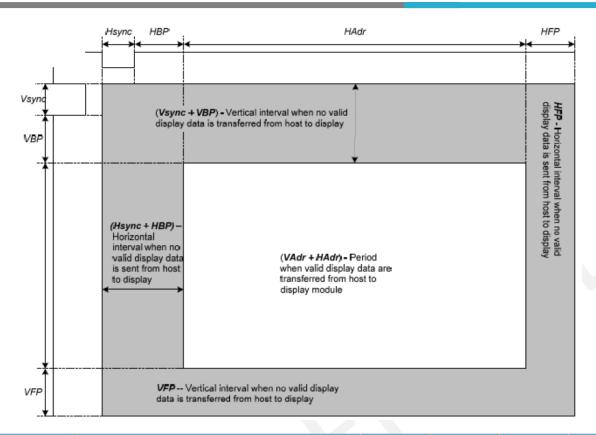
3.5.4 Parallel RGB Interface Timing Characteristics



Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
VSYNC/	t _{SYNCS}	VSYNC/HSYNC setup time	15	-	ns	
HSYNC	tsynch	VSYNC/HSYNC hold time	15	-	ns	
ENABLE	t _{ENS}	ENABLE setup time	15	-	ns	
ENABLE	tenh	ENABLE hold time	15	-	ns	
DB [23:0]	t _{POS}	Data setup time	15	-	ns	16-/18-/24-bit bus RGB
DB [23.0]	t _{PDH}	Data hold time	15	-	ns	interface mode
	PWDH	DOTCLK high-level period	20	-	ns	
	PWDL	DOTCLK low-level period	20	-	ns	
DOTCLK	t _{CYCD}	DOTCLK cycle time	50	-	ns	
	t _{rgbr} , t _{rgbf}	DOTCLK, HSYNC, VSYNC rise/fall time	-	15	ns	

Note 1: Ta = -30 to 70°C, IOVCC = 1.65V to 3.3V, VCI = 2.5V to 3.3V, AGND = DGND = 0V





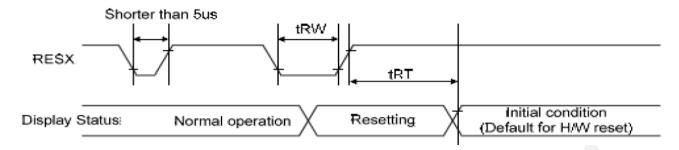
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
PCLK _{CYC}	PCLK Cycle	100	80	66.6	ns
Hsync	Horizontal Synchronization	3	3	-	PCLK
НВР	Horizontal Back Porch	3	3	-	PCLK
HAdr	Horizontal Address	-	320	-	PCLK
HFP	Horizontal Front Porch	3	3	-	PCLK
Vsync	Vertical Synchronization	2	2	-	Line
VBP	Vertical Back Porch	2	2	-	Line
VAdr	Vertical Address	-	480	-	Line
VFP	Vertical Front Porch	2	2	-	Line
-	Vertical Frequency (*)	50	60	80	Hz
-	Horizontal Frequency (*)	-	33	-	KHz
-	PCLK Frequency (*)	10	12.5	15	MHz

Note 1: Vertical period (one frame) shall be equal to the sum of Vsync + VBP + VAdr + VFP.

Note 2: Horizontal period (one line) shall be equal to the sum of Hsync + HBP + HAdr + HFP.

Note 3: Control signals PCLK and Hsync shall be transmitted as specified at all times while valid pixels are transferred between the host processor and the display module.

3.5.5 Reset Timing Characteristics



Reset Timing

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Note
	tRW	Reset pulse duration	10	-	us	_
RESX	tRT	Reset cancel	-	5	ms	1, 5
	LK1	Reset cancer	-	120	ms	1, 6, 7

Note 1: The reset cancel also includes the required time for loading ID bytes, VCOM setting and other settings from the EEPROM to registers. After a rising edge of RESX, this loading is done within 5 ms after the H/W reset cancel (tRT).

Note 2: According to below table, a spike due to an electrostatic discharge on the RESX line does not cause irregular system reset.

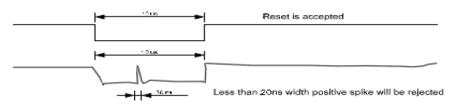
Reset Description

RESX Pulse	Action
Shorter than 5us	Reset rejected
Longer than 9us	Reset
Between 5us and 9us	Reset starts

Note 3: During the Reset period, the display will be blanked (When Reset starts in the Sleep Out mode, the display will enter the blanking sequence in at least 120 ms. The display remains the blank state in the Sleep In mode) and then return to the default condition for the Hardware Reset.

Note 4: Spike Rejection can also be applied during a valid reset pulse, as shown below:

Positive Noise Pulse during Reset Low



4. Optical Specification

4.1 Optical Characteristics

Chara	Characteristics		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Contr	Contrast Ratio		θ = 0°	800	1000	-	-	1, 2
Respo	nse time	T _R + T _F	Normal viewing angle	-	35	50	ms	1, 3
Colo	r Gamut	S (%)	-	58	63	-	-	-
e le	Left	θх-		-	80	-		
Viewing Angle	Right	Өх+	CD \ 10	-	80	-	don	1
ewing	Up	θ _Y +	CR>10	-	80	-	deg	1
χ	Down	n θ _Y -		-	80	-		
	Dad	Rx	θ = 0°	0.590	0.630	0.670		-
	Red	Ry		0.308	0.348	0.388	- - - -	
icity		Gx		0.276	0.316	0.356		
Colour Chromaticity	Green	Gy		0.531	0.571	0.611		
ır Ch	Dive	Bx	Normal viewing angle	0.106	0.146	0.186		
Colo	Blue	Ву		0.017	0.057	0.097		
		Wx		0.277	0.317	0.357		
	White	Wy		0.318	0.358	0.398		
Lum	Luminance		-	550	600	-	cd/m ²	5
Unif	ormity	Avg	-	80	-	-	%	5

Note: Measuring Condition = in dark room, at ambient temperature 25±2°C, for 15 min warm-up time.

Note	ltem	Test method
1	Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy)	Φ = 180° Φ = 180° Φ = 270° 12' o'clock Φ = 90° Φ = 90°
2	Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR)	CR = Luminance with all pixels white Luminance with all pixels black
3	Definition of Response Time (T _R , T _F)	Display data Black (TFT OFF) White (TFT ON) Black (TFT OFF) Optical Response 100% 10% 0%
4	Definition of Optical Measurement Setup	Photo-detector (BM-5A) 50cm Center of panel LCD panel

Note	ltem	Test method
5	Definition of Luminance Uniformity	Uniformity = \frac{\text{minimum luminance in 9 points (1-9)}{\text{maximum luminance in 9 points (1-9)}} \text{Luminance} \frac{\text{Total Luminance of 9 points}}{9}

5. LED Backlight Specification

5.1 LED Backlight Characteristics

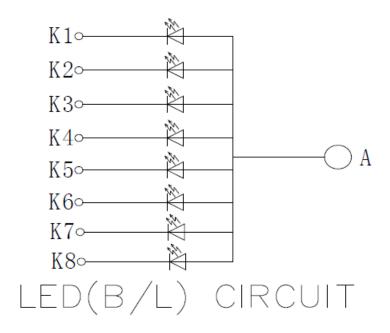
The back-light system is edge-lighting type with 8 chips White LED

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Forward Current	l _F	120	160	-	mA	-
Forward Voltage	VF	-	3.2	-	V	1
LED Lifetime	Hr	50000	-	-	Hour	1, 2

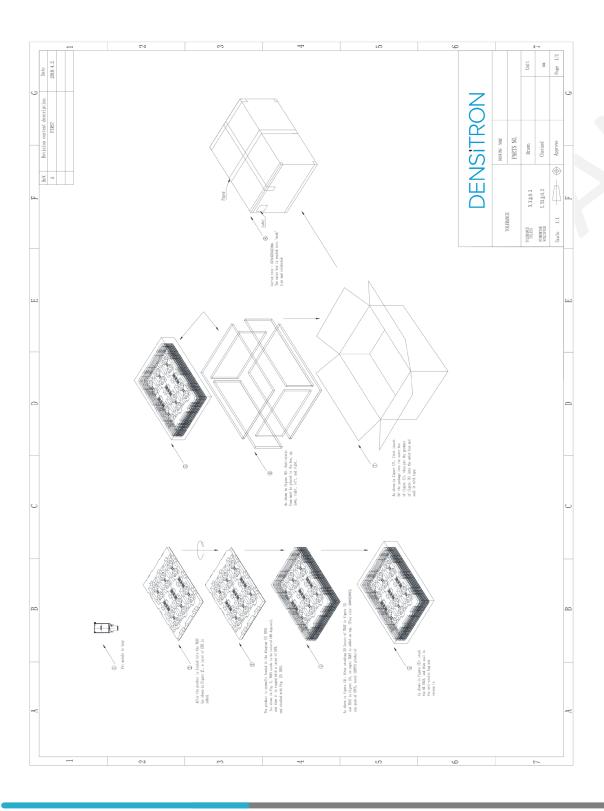
Note 1: LED lifetime (Hr) can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition: $Ta=25\pm3^{\circ}C$, typical IL (I_F) value indicated in the above table until the brightness becomes less than 50%.

Note 2: The "LED lifetime" is defined as the module brightness decreases to 50% original brightness at $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ and $IL(I_F)=160mA$. The LED lifetime could be decreased if operating $IL(I_F)$ is larger than 160mA. The constant current driving method is suggested.

5.2 Internal Circuit Diagram



6. Packaging



7. Quality Assurance Specification

7.1 Conformity

The performance, function and reliability of the shipped products conform to the Product Specification.

7.2 Environment Required

Customer's test & measurement are required to be conducted under the following conditions:

Temperature: $25 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C

Humidity: $65\% \pm 10\% \text{ RH}$

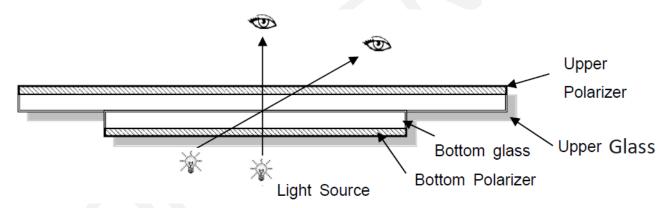
Viewing Angle: Normal Viewing Angle

Illumination: Single fluorescent lamp (300 to 700 Lux)

Viewing distance: 30 - 50cm

Finger glove (or finger cover) must be worn by the inspector.

Inspection table or jig must be anti-electrostatic.

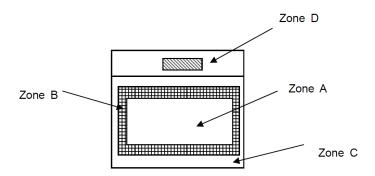


7.3 Delivery Assurance

7.3.1 Delivery Inspection Standards

Class II, Normal Inspection, GB/T 2828-2003

7.3.2 Zone Definition



Zone A: Effective Viewing Area (Character or Digit can be seen)

Zone B: Viewing Area except Zone A

Zone C: Outside (Zone A + Zone B) Area which cannot be seen after assembly by customer.

Zone D: IC Bonding Area

Note: Generally, visual defects in Zone C can be ignored when it doesn't affect product function or appearance after assembly by customer

7.3.3 Criteria & Acceptable Quality Level

Major defect	Minor defect
0.65	1.5

LCD: Liquid Crystal Display, TP: Touch Panel, LCM: Liquid Crystal Module

No.	Items	Criteria	Classification of defects
1	Functional defects	 No display, open or miss line Display abnormally Backlight no lighting, abnormal lighting. TP no function 	Major
2	Missing	Missing component	
3	Outline dimension	Overall outline dimension beyond the drawing is not allowed	
4	Color tone	Color unevenness, refer to limited sample	
5	Spot Line defect	Light dot, Dim spot, Polarizer Bubble; Polarizer accidented spot.	Minor
6	Soldering Appearance	Peeling off is not allowed.	
7	LCD/Polarizer/TP	Black/White spot/line, scratch, crack, etc.	

7.3.4 Criteria & Classification

Units: mm

Class	ltem		Criteria						
		Round type: as per	following drawing, \emptyset = (X+Y)/2	X	<u>↓</u> Y				
		1) Light Dot (LCD/TP/Polarizer black/white spot, light dot, pinhole, dent, stain)							
			Acceptab	le Quantity					
		Size\Zone	Α	В	С				
		Ø≤0.10	Ignore						
		0.10<∅≤0.25	3 (distance ≥ 10mi	m)	Ignoro				
		0.25<∅≤0.3	2		Ignore				
		0.35<∅	0	0					
		2) Dim Spot (LCD/TP/Polarizer dim dot, light leakage, dark spot)							
		Size\Zone	Acceptab	le Quantity					
		3126 (20116	Α	В	С				
/linor	Spot Defect	Ø≤0.10	Ignore						
		0.10<∅≤0.25	3 (distance \geq 10mm)		Ignore				
		0.25<∅≤0.3	2						
		0.35<∅	0	0					
		3) Polarizer Accide	ented Spot						
		Size\Zone	Acceptab	le Quantity					
		3126 (20116	Α	В	С				
		Ø≤0.2	Ignore						
		0.3<∅≤0.5	2 (distance ≥ 10mi	m)	Ignore				
		0.5<∅	0						
		4) Pixel Bad Points	s (light dot, dim dot, colour dot)						
		Size\Zone	Acceptab	le Quantity					
		Size\zone	А	В	С				
		Ø≤0.1	Ignore						
		0.15<∅≤0.25	2 (distance ≥ 10mm)	Ignore					
		0.3<Ø	0						

Class	Item	Criteria				
		5) Polarizer Bubble				
		Acceptable Quantity				
		Size\Zone	A	В		С
		∅≤0.20 Ignore				
		0.3<∅≤0.4	0.3<∅≤0.4 3 (distance ≥ 10mm)		Ignore	
	0.4<∅≤0.6		2		ignore	
		0.6<∅	0			
	Line Defect (LCD/TP/	Line type: as per following drawing				
Minor	Polarizer	Width	Length	Accepta		
	backlight	Widen		Α	В	С
	black/white line,	W≤0.05	Ignore	Ignore		
	scratch, stain)	0.05 <w≤0.06< td=""><td>L ≤ 3.0</td><td>N ≤ 2</td><td colspan="2">Ignore</td></w≤0.06<>	L ≤ 3.0	N ≤ 2	Ignore	
		0.07 <w≤0.08< td=""><td>L ≤ 2.0</td><td>N ≤ 1</td><td></td><td></td></w≤0.08<>	L ≤ 2.0	N ≤ 1		
		0.08 <w as="" defect<="" define="" spot="" td=""></w>				
Minor	LCD Crack/Broken	Symbols: X: Length, Y: Width, Z: Height, L: Length of ITO, T: Height of LCD 1) The edge of LCD broken: X≤3.0mm; Y <inner 2)="" border="" broken:="" corner="" lcd="" line="" of="" seal;="" td="" the="" x≤3.0mm;="" y≤l;="" z≤t="" z≤t<=""></inner>				

Class	ltem	Criteria
Major	LCD Crack	The LCD with extensive crack is not acceptable.
Major	Electronic Components SMT	Missing parts, solderless connection, cold solder joint, mismatch, the positive and negative polarity opposite are not allowed.
Minor	Display colour & Brightness	 Colour: Measuring the colour coordinates in accordance with the datasheet or samples. Brightness: Measuring the brightness of white screen in accordance with the datasheet or samples.
Minor	LCD Mura	By 5% ND filter invisible.

Criteria (functional items)

No.	Item	Criteria
1	No display	
2	Missing segment	
3	Short	Not allowed
4	Backlight no lighting	
5	TP no function	

7.4 Dealing with Customer Complaints

7.4.1 Non-conforming Analysis

Purchaser should supply Densitron with detailed data of non-conforming sample.

After accepting it, Densitron should complete the analysis in reasonable time and update the status to the purchaser.

7.4.2 Handling of Non-conforming Displays

If any non-conforming displays are found during customer acceptance inspection which Densitron is clearly responsible for, return them to Densitron.

Both Densitron and customer should analyse the reason and discuss the handling of non-conforming displays when the reason is not clear.

Equally, both sides should discuss and come to agreement for issues pertaining to modification of Densitron quality assurance standard.

8. Reliability Specification

8.1 Reliability Tests

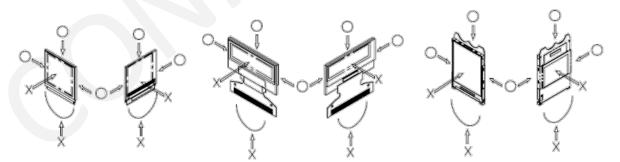
Test Item	Test Condition	Inspection after test		
High Temperature Operation	70°C, 96 hours			
Low Temperature Operation	-20°C, 96 hours			
High Temperature Storage	80°C, 96 hours			
Low Temperature Storage	-30°C, 96 hours			
High Temperature & High Humidity Storage	+60°C, 90% RH ,96 hours.	Inspection after 2~4hours storage at room		
Thermal Shock (Non-operation)	-10°C, 30 min \leftrightarrow +60°C, 30 min, Change time: 5min 20CYC.	temperature, the sample shall be free from defects:		
ESD test	C=150pF, R=330, 5points/panel Air: ±8KV, 5times; Contact: ±6KV, 5 times. (Environment: 15°C ~35°C, 30%~60%).	 Air bubble in the LCD; Non-display; Missing segments/line; 		
Vibration (Non-operation)	Frequency range: 10~55Hz, Stroke: 1.5mm Sweep: 10Hz~55Hz~10Hz 2 hours for each direction of X.Y.Z. (6 hours for total) (Package condition).	4. Glass crack; 5. Current IDD is twice higher than initial value.		
Box Drop Test	1 Corner 3 Edges 6 faces, 80cm (MEDIUM BOX)			

- Note 1: The test samples should be applied to only one test item.
- Note 2: Sample size for each test item is 5~10 pieces.
- Note 3: For Damp Proof Test, Pure water(Resistance $> 10M\Omega$) should be used.
- Note 4: In case of malfunction defect caused by ESD damage, if it would be recovered to normal state after resetting, it would be judged as a good part.
- Note 5: Failure Judgment Criterion: Basic Specification, Electrical Characteristic, Mechanical Characteristic, Optical Characteristic.
- Note 6: The color fading mura of polarizing filter should not care.

9. Handling Precautions

9.1 Handling Precautions

- 1) Since the display panel is made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- 2) If the display panel is broken by accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- 3) If the liquid crystal touches your skin or clothes, wash it off immediately using soap and plenty of water
- 4) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighbourhood of the display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- 5) The polarizer covering the surface of the display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the display module.
- 6) When the surface of the polarizer of the display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
 - a. Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent
 - b. Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.
 - c. Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic Solvents
- 7) Hold the display module very carefully when placing it into the system housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will



influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.

- 8) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- 9) Do not disassemble nor modify the display module.
- 10) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- 11) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
 - a. Be sure to make human body grounding when handling display modules.

- b. Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
- c. To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
- d. Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- 12) A Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. If the display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5).
- 13) If electric current is applied when the display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

9.2 Storage Precautions

- 1) When storing display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps, etc. and, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environments or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments. (We recommend you store these modules in the packaged state when they are shipped from Densitron) At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.
- 2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the display module, when the display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.

9.3 Designing Precautions

- The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for display module, and if these values
 are exceeded, panel damage may happen.
- 2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- 3) We recommend you install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- 4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighbouring devices.
- 5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- 6) When fastening the display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- 7) If power supply to the display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this display module.

9.4 Operation Precautions

- 1) It is indispensable to drive the display within the specified voltage limit since excessive voltage shortens its life.
- 2) Direct current causes an electrochemical reaction with remarkable deterioration of the display quality. Give careful consideration to prevent direct current during ON/OFF timing and during operation.
- 3) Response time is extremely delayed at temperatures lower than the operating temperature range while, at high temperatures, displays become dark. However, this phenomenon is reversible and does not mean a malfunction or a display that has been permanently damaged.
- 4) To protect display modules from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the display modules.
 - a. Pins and electrodes
 - b. Pattern layouts such as the FPC
- 5) When the driver is being exposed (COG), semiconductor elements change their characteristics when light is radiated according to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if the driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.
 - a. Design the product and installation method so that the driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.
 - b. Design the product and installation method so that the driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.
- 6) Although the display module stores the operation state data by the commands and the indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal status may be changed. It therefore is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect from the influences of noise on the system design.
- 7) We recommend you construct its software to make periodical refreshments of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.

9.5 Cleaning Precautions

- 1) Keep TFT Scratch free: Avoid using abrasive materials like paper towels and newspaper in cleaning TFT LCD screens as they may scratch the surface. Instead, opt for a lint-free cloth. Don't spray the liquid directly on the monitor and remember to put gentle pressure when wiping the screen.
- 2) Avoid Vibration: During cleaning process, try to keep the TFT on shock proof platform to avoid strong shock and vibration. Do not apply pressure to the LCD screen of the LCD or bump or squeeze the LCD display back cover.
- 3) When the surface of the polarizer of the display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of using the following adhesion tape:
 - a) Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent.
 - b) Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface.
 - c) List of Safe and Unsafe solvents to clean TFT display:

Safe Solvents	Unsafe Solvents
Distilled Water	Ammonia
Isopropyl Alcohol	Acetone
Diluted White Vinegar = Water (Mix 1 part vinegar + 5 parts of Water)	Ethyl Alcohol
	Methyl Chloride
	Ethyl Acid

9.6 Other Precautions

1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.